

THE PACIFIC Commercial Advertiser

WALTER G. SMITH - EDITOR.

THURSDAY OCTOBER 25

FOR DELEGATE IN CONGRESS—
SAMUEL PARKER.

FOR SENATORS—

HENRY WATERHOUSE,
GEORGE R. CARTER,
CLARENCE L. CRABBE,
CECIL BROWN,
W. C. ACHI,
FRANK PAHIA.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES—

L. L. MCANDLESS,
J. L. KAULUKOU,
ENOCH JOHNSON,
JOHN LANE,
H. R. HITCHCOCK,
W. J. COELHO,
A. G. M. ROBERTSON,
J. W. KEIKI,
WILLIAM L. LATT,
A. F. GILFILLAN,
WILLIAM H. HOGGS,
JONAH KUMALAE.

The Shriners go today without having had much of a chance to sing their muzzin song: "Oh how dry I am."

Crocker's feast to Bryan had quite a Nebuchadnezzar cast, seeing how much handwringing had begun to appear on the wall.

Honolulu will soon add a melodious short poem to the literary treasures of the language.

The trust has bust.

Republicans who do not approve of betting will feel a sense of relief when they learn that the New York pool-rooms are giving heavy odds in favor of McKinley.

Judge Morrow's opinion in the coal combine cases appears elsewhere and shows a deadly parallel with everybody's opinion here about the legal responsibility of the plumbing trust.

The Advertiser's general invitation to the victims of the plumbing trust to list their grievances here still holds good. Every day brings in one or more witnesses but we want them all. When the time comes to crush the trust the more weight put upon it the better.

THE TRUST SUMMED UP.

The plumbing trust has three branches, the supply house that has bound itself not to sell sanitary plumbing appliances to other than master plumbers; the master plumbers who are out to clinch the house-owners under the chance given them by the plumbing regulations of the Board of Health; and the journeymen plumbers who are the mechanics used by the master plumbers to do the work of installation.

The guiltiest parties in the combine are the master plumbers of whom John Emmelhuth is a type. The next guiltiest are the supply houses which either through fear or for a share of plunder, have refused to sell plumbing wares to people who might compete with the master plumbers; the least guilty are the journeymen plumbers, who are the hired tools of the combine, answerable in the sense of an abetting Union for the unlawful acts of their employers.

The Board of Health became a party to the swindle unknown to itself and with the best intentions towards the public. To guard against the recurrence of a plague it adopted a set of plumbing regulations, with the framing of which J. Emmelhuth had much to do, that required all householders within the sewer district to connect their dwellings with the mains and those outside with suitable cesspools. Using these regulations as a club the plumbing banditti have forced the householders to come to them and take whatever they might get. There was no other recourse. If the householder went to a supply firm to get plumbing material to install himself he was denied the right to purchase. He could only buy after giving his work to a master plumber. If he went to get a journeyman plumber to lay pipe that he already owned, the Union interfered and took the man away.

Having as they supposed a "lead pipe cinch" the master plumbers went into the town and plundered it like an invading army. In three months the price of work on a small cottage—vide Mr. Lightfoot's evidence—rose from \$300 to \$275. Prices went at times 250 per cent above the Coast figures and were still rising when the Advertiser, at the instance of a prominent member of the Board of Health, intervened. The motto of the plumbers seems to have been: "Find out what money your man has and get it all; then make the man mortgage his place for more."

The part in the conspiracy borne by Plumbing Inspector Duffy is not altogether clear but it is the general belief of those who have seen his methods, that he has been the moving spirit of the trust from the beginning.

The fact is fairly well established that the local trust is in co-operation with a similar trust at San Francisco.

Supply houses there will not sell, so we are informed, to wholesale customers here who are not in the combine. As to labor, the Journeymen's Union of San Francisco and Honolulu are practically one.

To demolish the local trust many ways are provided:

I. Its members may be prosecuted criminally in the Federal Court of the Hawaiian Territory, on charges of conspiracy in restraint of trade.

II. Its members may be sued in the same court by those who have suffered damage in business or contracts at their hands, and recovery had in three times the amount of damages sustained, with attorney's fees and costs added.

III. The coercive weapons used by the trust may be taken away by rescinding the Board of Health's plumbing ordinance.

IV. A renewal of merchandise licenses of houses that sell goods to one class of people and refuse them to another may be justly and lawfully denied.

V. Supplies for competition in plumbing may be had from a few anti-trust houses in the United States and non-Union plumbers may be imported to do local work, providing Union plumbers

on the ground are foolish enough to refuse it.

With so many offensive and defensive weapons in hand it will be a reflection on the self-respect and manliness of Honolulu people if they permit the swindling trust to outlast the year.

The attention of native Democrats is drawn to this statement of a Bryan organ, the Memphis (Tenn.) Scimitar, of the purpose of Southern Democrats to establish white man's rule:

The white people of the Southern States, where the negroes constitute a large proportion of the population, are determined to nullify the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States so far as they can. White people of the South are going to rule, without regard to numbers or Federal laws. They are of the superior race, the only race that is fit to control the government of any country, whether it be the United States, the Philippines, the West Indies or Africa itself. Then why not be honest about it? Why twist and squirm and palaver about "constitutionalism" or "consent of the governed," when the dominant race is going ahead everywhere and asserting its supremacy? The South would have nothing to conceal in this connection, even if concealment were possible.

What is done to the man of color in the South, Democrats of the Tillman stripe would do to men of color everywhere else in the Union.

NEWS OF WORLD CONDENSED

Krueger may visit America.

The Chicago gas war has been settled. King George of Greece is visiting Paris.

The Pope favors American rule in the Philippines.

The torpedo-boat Holland has gone into commission.

Sir Henry Acland, the British scholar and physician, is dead.

Maya Indians are harassing the advancing Indian troops.

Chairman Hanna is speaking to the farmers of the Northwest.

President McKinley used his influence to compose the coal strike.

Regular troops will be transferred from Porto Rico to Manila.

Dr. Jordan of Stanford will go to Japan to classify the fishes.

German manufacturers are accused of using American trade-marks.

Gerald Relfour may not be reappointed as chief secretary for Ireland.

There are great registration gains in the Republican wards of Chicago.

Yellow fever promises to increase in Havana when the streets are opened.

Miss Lena Ashwell, a young English actress, has achieved a great triumph.

Nothing will be done for several weeks towards filling Huntington's place.

No trace of Schreiber, the defaulter, can be found at European gaming resorts.

Baroness Von Ketteler has arrived at Victoria en route to Detroit, her former home.

The famous old elms of New Haven will be removed, as they are beginning to fall.

English financiers are watching the American market for pointers on the election.

Engineer Abbott says the Panama canal will be built under any circumstances.

The fuel problem at Nome has been solved by the finding of bituminous coal in Siberia.

Charles T. Yerkes considers his London underground franchise deal his masterpiece.

Electricity may take the place of steam on the Escanaba and Lake Superior Railway.

The Colby mine at Bessemer, Mich., has been shut down, and 200 men are out of employment.

Baron Sternberg, German charge d'affaires at Washington, becomes Consul General at Calcutta.

India's wheat crop has been sold in advance to reporters, thus increasing the danger of another famine.

Simmons, a millionaire hardware man of St. Louis, outbid the Shah for the famous Tiffany pearl and emerald bracelet.

Moses Fowler Chase, an insane young American millionaire, has escaped from a private asylum in Paris, and is now at large.

A punitive expedition of 200 men, either French or English, is believed to have been massacred on the Abyssinian border.

Four women students of the University of Chicago will try to pay their way by becoming hairdressers to their fellow students.

The night shift men of the Rockdale plant of the American Steel and Wire Company have been laid off indefinitely.

About 400 men are affected.

The Wall Street betting odds upon McKinley are now squarely 4 to 1. A bet was made that McKinley would carry New York State by 100,000 plurality.

The President will recommend to Congress the payment of an indemnity to the families of the four Italians who were the victims of a mob at Tallulah, La.

McNair's storage warehouse, at Roth's Spur, Cal., was razed by flames, and its contents destroyed. The loss amounts to a hundred thousand dollars.

An earthquake at Kodiak, Alaska, continued for six hours and did great damage to property. There were twenty-seven distinct shocks and continuous trembling.

Lord Curzon will resign as Viceroy to India, owing to the ill health of his wife, who was formerly Miss Lester of Chicago.

Francis L. Terbob, of Peoria, Ill., wagers his wife against a thousand-acre farm owned by Horace Wade, of Tipton, Ind., that McKinley will be re-elected next month.

Long stretches of the Japanese coast have been devastated by typhoons. At Numadzu 200 fishermen were blown out to sea and perhaps drowned. Hundreds of dwellings were destroyed in Tokyo.

The will of J. B. Clayton, an Englishman, leaves his two daughters a fortune conditional upon their not marrying before the age of thirty-five, either a Jew or a citizen of the United States.

Leading business men of Ardmore, I. T., have formed a league to oppose the payment of Indian tribal taxes. They question the validity of the taxes, and will fight the measure to the bitter end.

The Chicago managing committee of the Commercial McKinley Club No. 1, has decided to hold a commercial, industrial and sound-money parade on Saturday, October 27. Over 100,000 men will be in line.

The bodies of two Americans have been found on the desert some distance east of Campo, and several miles from any commonly followed trail across the bleak waste of sand. They are believed to have been prospectors.

Tacoma reports a rich strike on Tashina river. Thousands of dollars have been secured by the crudest methods. The strike is said to be marvelous, and the Government geologist says it will rival the greatest mines of the world.

The first day's registration for all the boroughs in Greater New York far exceeds that of last year, and of the last presidential year, 1894. The total registration for Manhattan and the Bronx was 144,026, making a gain over 1894 of 4,063 votes.

The Garcelon trust, which has been the subject of litigation in California for three years, has been sustained by the United States Supreme Court.

The United States, according to a dispatch from Tangier, has renewed its demands upon the Government of Morocco for \$3,000 indemnity to the family of Marcus Garcelon, a naturalized American citizen who was murdered by a mob at Fez last June.

The anthracite coal miners now on strike demand better terms. They accept conditionally, the ten per cent advance, but want the sliding scale abolished. They also insist the higher pay must be guaranteed for six months, else the strike will be prolonged.

Mrs. John S. Taylor, wife of the proprietor of White Sulphur Springs, publicly horsewhipped D. E. Martin, principal of the Fourth Street School, Santa Rosa, Cal. Taylor accuses her son, who was inhumanly beaten by the principal for a slight infraction of the rules of the school.

Arthur Charollais, a demented French inventor, forty years old, guillotined himself in his laboratory at Mulhouse, in Alsace. He had constructed the machine himself. It was an exact duplicate of the legal French guillotine, but was made of costly polished wood.

Berlin official statistics show a further decrease in the Berlin birth rate. It is now but 22 per 1,000, and the number of children is 450,000, which, if there had been a normal birth rate for Prussia, would reach 700,000. The papers draw parallels with the French conditions in this respect.

The Queen Dowager Margherita has just completed the distribution of her personal effects and has finally retired from the world. Her three hundred superb costumes have been apportioned among her personal friends. The royal diadem, valued at \$200,000, has been given to Queen Helena.

Canon Mason scores Vanderbilt for the million dollar gift he made to his daughter, the Duchess of Marlborough, to celebrate the return of her husband from South Africa. "There must be something wrong with the state of society," he said, "when such an event is signified by such a gift."

A factory will be established at Auburn, New York, for the new fruit concentration process. This new process was discovered by Sherman Brothers of Newcastle, and E. W. Warrell of Boston. The fruit is concentrated in about the ratio of 6 to 1, retaining its flavor and keeping for an indefinite time.

A cable from Paris to the New York Tribune says the World's Fair is within measurable distance of the end. It has been open for 182 days, and in twenty-three days more its doors will be closed. On Saturday, November 3, in the Salle des Fêtes, a great festival surpassing anything yet attempted will be given.

A cable to the Sun from Budapest says: The Shah of Persia has been informed that he was affected with heart trouble, and that the condition of his kidneys would grow serious unless strict dieting was observed. The Shah remarked he had consulted four doctors in France, three in England, several in Austria, and one in Germany, and not one of them told him the truth about his condition.

Officers recently promoted have been assigned to regiments as follows: Lieutenant Colonel Jesse M. Lee, to the Sixth Infantry, vice Brinkerhoff, retired; Major W. J. Turner, to the Sixth Infantry, vice Booth, transferred to the Seventh Infantry; Major Frank Taylor, to the Fifteenth Infantry, vice Lee, promoted; Captain J. Y. M. Blunt, assistant quartermaster of volunteers, having tendered his resignation, has been honorably discharged from the service.

YOUTSEY COMES BEFORE COURT

GEORGETOWN, Ky., Oct. 17.—Henry E. Youtsey was reported better today, having passed a restful night without any serious paroxysms. His trial on the charge of being a principal in the shooting of Governor Goebel proceeded.

James Howard, who is under sentence of death, was in court.

Dr. W. J. Mahaffy, reported Republican legislator, was the first witness today. He said Henry Howard was in the House lobby when the shooting occurred.

William Lewis, a member of the Legislature from Leslie county, confirmed Dr. Mahaffy's testimony.

Attorney Thomas P. Carrothers of Newport, Paris D. Brown of Newport and Rev. M. B. Adams, pastor of the Baptist Church at Frankfort, all said Youtsey's reputation as a moral, upright man was excellent.

E. C. Wolff, photographer of Frankfort, said he took a photograph of the Executive building about forty minutes after the shooting, and the windows in Powers' office were down.

Robert Haslock, a gunsmith, said the bullet found in the hackberry tree was known as a metal jacket bullet with lead inside and a copper jacket outside and was fired from a rifle which, he thought, the bullet did not fit exactly.

On cross-examination he said the bullet was the same exactly as those exhibited by the prosecution as being counterparts of those bought by Youtsey in Cincinnati.

Colonel Crawford, the half-brother of Youtsey, told of a conference he and Nelson had with Colonel Campbell and Arthur Goebel in Frankfort, as follows:

"Colonel Campbell acted as spokesman and said he believed Youtsey knew something about the killing of Goebel. Campbell produced a paper, which he said contained statements that Youtsey had made to him that he wanted Youtsey to sign the papers. I told him I did not believe Youtsey had made any such statements to him. Arthur Goebel then said: 'We believe Youtsey knows who fired the shot and who was in that room.'"

Colonel Nelson was put on the stand and corroborated Crawford as to what occurred at the conference.

Colonel Campbell produced a copy of the paper which was discussed in the Gibson House in Cincinnati that Youtsey could tell some things that would be beneficial to the commonwealth's prosecution of Governor Taylor, but did not say Youtsey knew enough to hang Taylor.

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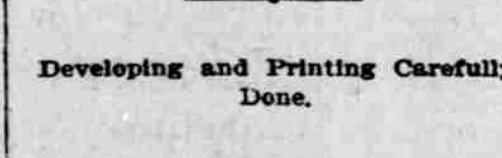
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